

Vocabulary with verve!



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Learning Vocabulary

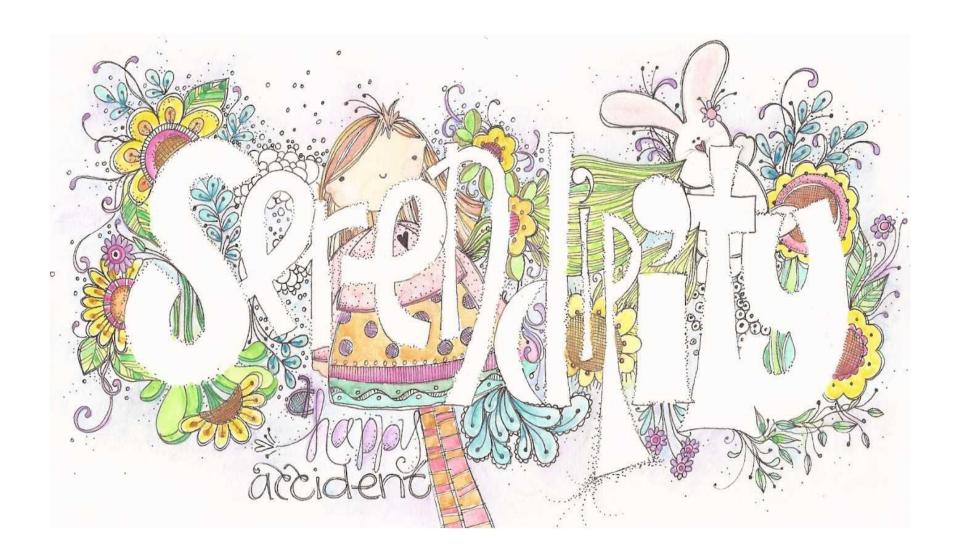
Fatigue sets slowly, Words no longer have meaning. Drifting into sleep

Prof. David Levasseur



What's your favourite word?





What's your favourite word?



fairy tale "The three princes of Serendip"

the lucky tendency to find interesting or valuable things by chance

one of the 10 English words that are hardest to translate

romantic comedy with that title

What's your favourite word?



Business Card Name Card Calling Card

Write down five words



Write down five or more words or phrases that you have recently learnt while studying a foreign language or that you remember learning in a particular situation in the past and you still remember. What made them



(in the book?)



Effective vocabulary presentations

Effective vocabulary presentations



Be

brief

meaningful

interesting

amusing

memorable

dramatic

exciting

Use

drama

mime

Ss' previous knowledge

Include

examples

visuals

interaction

clear

explanations

practice

Present 5-7 words at a time!!!!

The word is: SLÁINTE



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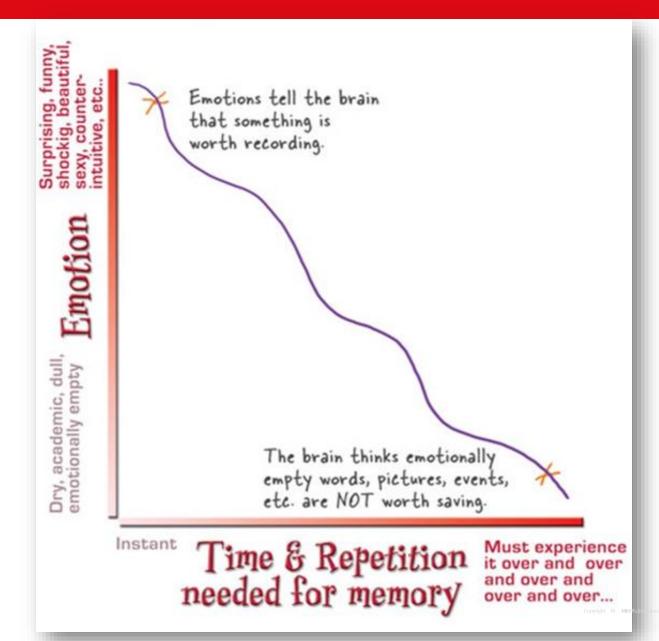
explanations

practice

Present 5-7 words at a time!!!!

Make it memorable







- 1. Which four techniques do you personally prefer? Why?
- 2. Which one technique would make the words 'stick' best? Why?
- 3. Which one technique do you consider the least effective? Why?
- 4. Which techniques were commonly used when you were first learning a foreign language?
- 5. Which techniques do you think are especially popular in your teaching situation now?
- 6. What other techniques do you know for presenting new vocabulary?

Guessing

Realia and visuals

Matching

Demonstrating

Word-building

Synonyms

Song

Familiar or famous words

Pictograms

Translating

Dictionaries...Lexical sets



Realia and visuals



The topic of a unit is fruit and vegetables. The teacher brings fruit and vegetables into class and shows them to the learners.

Guessing



module 3

3a Buy it!

Vocabulary

A. Complete the sentences with the words/phrases i

afford cash machine change broke charge receipt an arm and a leg

TIP To guess the meaning of an unknown word: read the words before and after the unknown word and think of the situation. • try to figure out what part of speech (verb, · see if the unknown word is similar to other words in English or in your own language.

- 1. Andy's motorbike wasn't exactly cheap. In fact, he paid for it.
- 2. I haven't got any ______ on me. Can I pay by _____?
- 3. We need to ______ some euros into dollars.
- 4. Sheila can't _____ to buy a new game console because she's _____.
- 5. ______ are much lighter than ______, therefore they are a more convenient form of money.
- 6. Here are your shoes and €5.60 ______ is in the bag.
- 7. I wanted to get some money from the ______ but I didn't have my cash card.
- 8. Students and people over 65 can enter the museum free of ______.





















Matching



module 4

Places

Where I live





Match the pictures with the words and the signs. Then listen and check your answers.





















c. stadium





f. castle

b. airport



e. bridge























<u>W</u>ord-building

€elt

module 7

7a

Mother nature

Vocabulary

1. cultural

2. attractive

Read the note, look at the adjectives below and write I

NOTE: A lot of adjectives are formed by adding a suffix L

culture (noun) + al

In a word building exercise, when you have to complete a blank with a noun, read the sentence carefully and decide if the noun should be in the singular or plural form.

3. mountainous	6. enjoyable		
Now form adjectives to complete the sentences. Use the words in capitals.			
1. The explorer's jour	ney followed the entire length of the Nile.	REMARK	
The café looked warm and	so we decided to go and have some coffee.	INVITE	
	building with a tall tower.	IMPRESS	
4. In the spring, the park is full of	flowers.	COLOUR	
5. Mr and Mrs Davidson enjoyed a	afternoon walking by the river.	PEACE	
6. We wanted to stay at a	hotel by the lake put it was too expensive	LUXURY	
7. After the earthquake, all the	ar as ve alle peper t no	COAST	
8. This book contains	information about the city.	VALUE	

4. astonishing

5. delightful

Song

"Wanted Dead Or Alive"



It's all the same, only the names will change Everyday it seems we're wasting away Another place where the faces are so cold I'd drive all night just to get back home

Sometimes I sleep, sometimes it's not for days And the people I meet always go their separate ways Sometimes you tell the day By the bottle that you drink And times when you're alone all you do is think

[Chorus:]

I'm a cowboy, on a steel horse
I ride
I'm wanted dead or alive
Wanted dead or alive



Song

"Wanted Dead Or Alive"







Song

"Wanted Dead Or Alive"



It's all the same, only the grades will change Everyday it seems we're learning away Another room where the teachers are like gold I'd learn all night just to get back home

Sometimes I learn, sometimes it's not for days And the pupils I meet Always go their separate ways Sometimes you tell the day By the backpack that you take And after the P.E. lesson All you do is stink!

[Chorus:]
I'm a schoolboy, on a steel tram I ride
I wanted four or a five
Wanted four or a five





Familiar or famous words

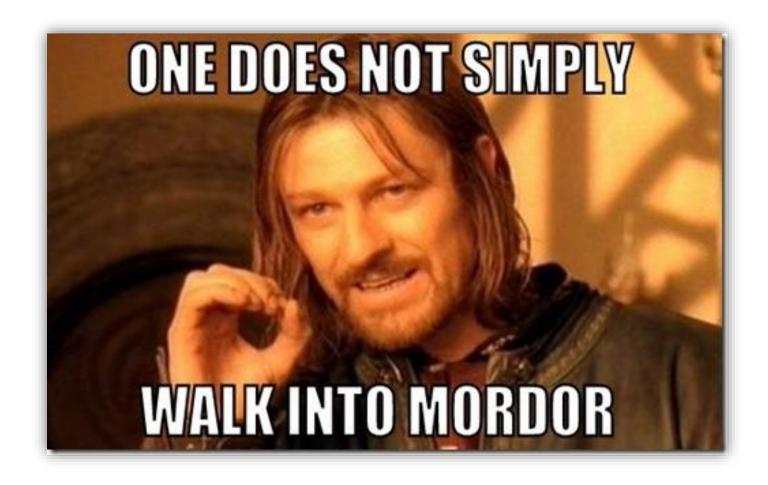


When introducing new words, the teacher reminds learners of famous or familiar places where they might have come across the words before, for example in film titles or songs or pop groups.

https://imgflip.com/memegenerator

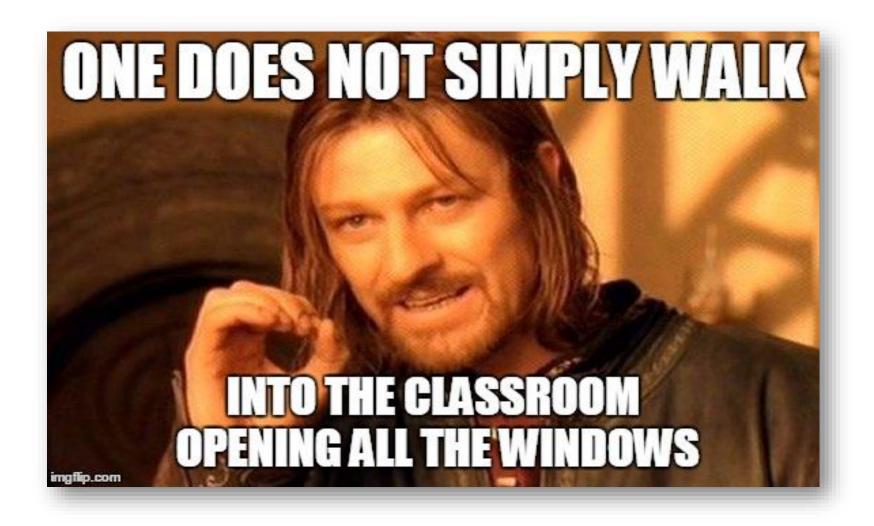
Meme generator





Meme generator

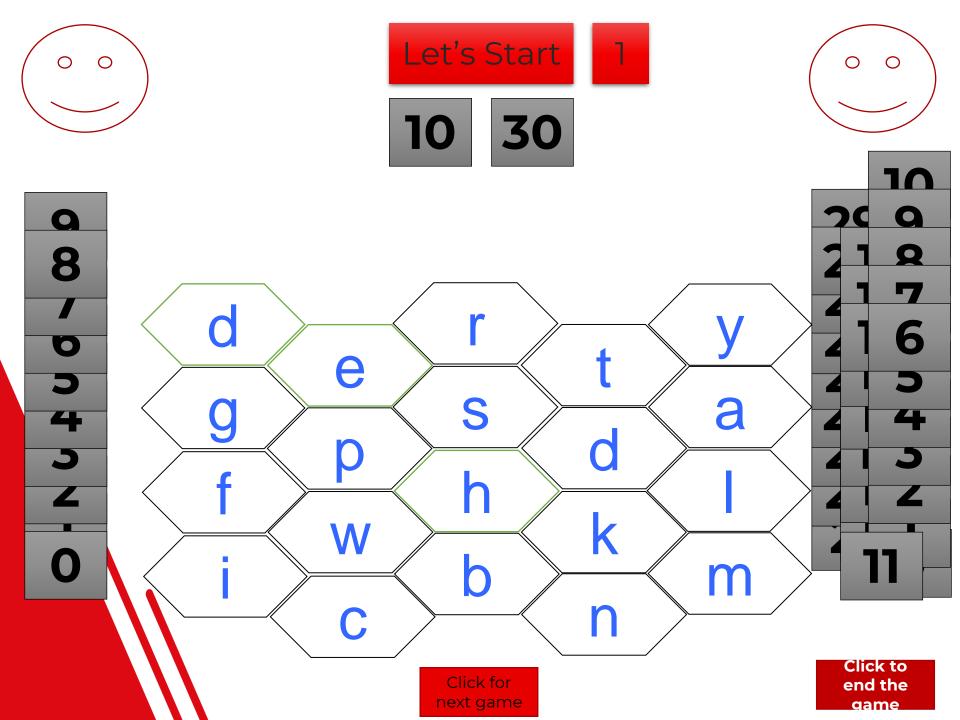






Blockbusters

Topic: countries



Why Lexical sets?



What is a lexical set?

Why Lexical sets?



Words can be related in several different ways, for example:

By topic furniture, clothes, family relationships, animals By similarity of meaning gorilla, chimpanzee, orang-utang, ape

or synonymy

In pairs – opposites

In pairs – synonyms

In pairs – idioms

In a series or a scale

By superordinates and

hyponyms

By activity or process

Word families

hot/cold, old/new, hard/soft

slip/slide, rough/harsh, booklet/brochure

black and white; black and blue

boiling, hot, warm, cool, cold, freezing

superordinate: FRUIT

hyponyms: orange, apple, pineapple, banana,

strawberry

steps in making a cake or building a bookcase

paint, painter, painting, paint work

OR know, knowledge, knowing,

known, Knowledgeable

Why Lexical sets?



Why are lexical sets important?

We probably don't store words in our brains in alphabetical order like a dictionary does. Research into memory has shown that we apparently store words in our brain in groups of related words (or lexical sets). Words that are related are somehow joined together in our brains; if a new word can be 'hooked' to words which are already stored, it might be easier to remember it. It would seem logical, therefore, that we should teach words in lexical sets to our learners, so that it is easier for them to retain and store the words in their memory.

Vocabulary practice activities



- 1. Matching (words to pictures, translations, synonyms, opposites, examples, definitions, collocations, etc.)
- 2. Word-building (using prefixes and suffixes)
- 3. Classifying items into lists (e.g. Fruit, vegetables)
- 4. Spotting the odd-one-out
- 5. Filling in crosswords, grids, diagrams
- 6. Filling in gaps in sentences / texts
- 7. Multiple choice exercises
- 8. Writing sentences / dialogues / stories
- 9. Memory games eg. I went to the market and I bought....,

Last letter word

- 10. Board games
- 11. Discussions
- 12. Role plays
- 13.

Round-up



A. Cross out the odd word. Then add one more.

- 1. shocked angry worried lowed surprised, frightened, etc.
- 2. bush ankle finger wrist _____
- 3. popcorn doughnut crisps blood _____





















Holiday fun!





Match the pictures with the holiday activities. Then listen and check your answers.



reset check



travel abroad

buy souvenirs

go horse riding

explore a cave

go hiking

go on a cruise

go sightseeing

sunbathe

























Match the verbs in the box with the groups of nouns.

make

build

produce

invent

discover

→ a machine → the telephone

→ electricity → oranges

→ cars

→ a cake

→ cars

→ a film

→ an island

→ oil

→ an airport

→ a tunnel

→ a machine























Blast 2

JOB SWAP









reporter

police officer

MEDIA	EMERGENCY SERVICES	CONSTRUCTION









cameraman



firefighter







lifeguard



painter



architect



photographer



builder

























THANK YOU!

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show timers

JEOPARDY!!!

